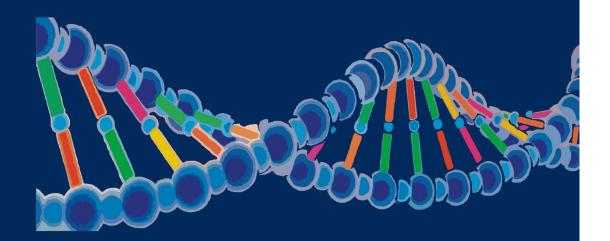
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CONEPT OF PARIKARTIKA(FISSURE IN ANO)PARIKARTIKA

Dr. Sanjay Singh Chauhan*

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Abstract

Parikartika (Fissure-in-Ano) is a very common and most painful anorectal disorder. The condition Parikartika (Fissure-in-Ano) has not been described as an independent disease in Ayurvedic texts. The literal meaning of the term Parikartika i.e. Kartanavat Vedana (Cutting type of pain) and Guda vidara i.e. Vidarana in guda pradesha (Ulceration in Anal canal) are supportive evident references to compare this disease with fissure in ano.

Key word: Parikartika, Fissure in ano, Guda Pradesh and Basti karma.

Introduction

Acharya Sushruta has described the term "Parikartika" as a condition of Guda in which there is cutting and burning pain. Acharya Charaka and Vagbhata used two words, "Vikartika" as well as "Parikartika" for denoting the condition. Chakrapani also opines the same. The factors responsible for causation of Parikartika are found in various texts as Vamana-Virechana vyapad, Bastikarma vyapad, Atisara, Grahani, Arsha, and Udavarta etc. Later Acharya Kashyapa has described it in three types viz; Vataja, Pittaja and Kaphaja. The Ayurvedic principle regarding the management of this disease aims at, vata shaman and Vatanulomana. Snehana and swedana are the best remedies in the management of vata prakopa.

Vyutpatti; The term Parikartika composed of two words Pari and Kartika.

The prefix Pari in Parikartika resembles with prefix Peri in English which means "around". Kartika is derived from verb "Krita", which means "to cut".

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Thus the word Parikartika comes to mean, that "to cut circumferentially" or "to cut all around" *Nirukti*; It is a condition in which patient experiences a sense of pain as if the suffering site is being cut around with scissor. Chakrapani had stated this the definition.

Jejjata Dalhana and Kashyapa also gives the similar definitions.

Synonyms; Kartika, Vikartika, Guda vidara, Guda Kshata and Kasta Guda.

Hetu (Causative Factor)

Diet or medicine as a causing factor:

Habits of diet: sandusta ahara, alpa ahara, atitakalin ahara sevana, upavasa, excess use of teekshna, ushna, lavana and dry diet or medicine for long time may lead to parikartika.

Systemic factors: Vitiation of Pachaka agni and Dosha:

- 1. One of the systemic cause vagbhata stated that poor digestion and metabolism (mandagni).
- 2. Sushruta mentioned Pitta and Vata are the main culprits or causing agents of prakartika.where as kashyapa included the third dosha as well i.e. kapha.

Traumatic factors: Internal factor like very hard stool and external factor like rough vasti netra or rough handling of vasti netra(nozzel)

Complication of methods of panchkarma: All Acharya agreed that, parikartika a kind of pain occurs due to negligence of vaidya, patient in order to follow the rules of taking panchakarma specially vamana virechana and vasti karma, disease of our concern get produced as a vyapad (complication).

As Associated symptom in other diseases:

- 1. Vataja Jvara
- 2. Kaphaj arsha
- 3. Vataj grahani
- 4. Vyanaavritta apan vayu
- 5. Malavritta Vata lakshana
- 6. Vataaj pakwaatisaar
- 7. Apatthya bhojan janya udaavart
- 8. Pureeshaavrodhotpanna udavart
- 9. prior sign of Arsha

10.constipation diarrhea associated with kapha

11. Due to excess diarrhea.

Lakshana

- 1. Severe life threatening pain in anus with massive stricture.
- 2. Constipation associated with severe cutting pain in sacral, umbilical, pelvic and groin region.
- 3. Sushruta states the occurrence of this cutting pain in more precise manner and also in specific order i.e. firstly in anus followed by umbilical region, penis and in neck of urinary bladder, he also coats that pain is usually associated with burning sensation and blockage of even flatus.
- 4. Chakrapani, Dalhan and kashyapa clarified the type of pain as, cutting means as if someone is incising.
- 5. Pichhila and rakta yukta srava, bleeding before or after defecation or stool stained with blood, itching and pricking pain in the guda

Types of parikartika

- (a) According to charaka there are two types of parikartika with reference to their place of origin.
- 1. Amashyoththa parikartika.

- 2. Pakwashayoththa parikartika.
- (b) Kashyapa has given management of parikartika according to their type i.e.
- 1. Vataja Prikartika.
- 2. Pittaja Parikartika.
- 3. kaphaja Parikartika.

Principles management of Parikartika

Vasti; According to Ayurveda Vasti is the main Chikitsa for Parikartika.

Vasti Karma; Vasti is a procedure, in which, a special instrument is used, named as vasti (urinary bladder of animals like goat).

Types of vasti:

Niruha: in which main ingredient used is, the decoction.

Snaihik: in which main ingredient used is, the oil.

Synonym of snaihik basti; Ardha, matraa, apariharyo, anuvasan.

Definition of anuvasan vasti; Anuvasan vasti is that vasti, which does not vitiate the doshas even after daily application.

Vasti should be given with medicated milk, which is enriched with herbs having sheet potency and sweet taste and unctus in nature.

TABLE No. 01 showing Different types of chikitsa yoga in Parikartika

Sr. No	Formulations	Reference	Ingredients
1	Bilwaadi peya	ch.chi.3/186	Bala, Vrukshamla, Kolamla, Kalashi, Dhavani
2	Errand muladi kshirpak	Ch.chi.3/235	Eranda mula, Milk
3	Shatapushpadi basti.	Ch.si. 12/17	Shatapushpa, Madhu, Ghrita
4	Pichha Basti	ch/chi/14/228	Salmali, Kusha, Bahupada, Kutaja, Utpala, Chandana mixed with
			Madhu Ghrita.
5	Basti:	ch/si/6/67	Madhuyashti, Tila-Kalka along with Milk
6	Pichha basti.	su/chi/34/16	Yastimadhu, Krishna Tila along with Madhu and Ghrata.
7	Pichha basti.	su/u/38/85	Badara, Nagbala, Slesmataka, Salmali, Dhanvana, boiled in Dugdha
			and lateradded with Madhu and Rakta.
8	Anuvasana basti	su/chi/37/27	Madhuyashti, Usira, Gambhari, Kutaki, Utpala, Chandan, Shyama,
			Padmaka, Jeemoota, Indrayava, Ativisha, Tail, Ghrata along with milk
			and decoction of Nyogradhadgana.
9	Anuvasana basti	ka/khi/8/98	Laghu Panchamoola, Triphala, Bala, Rasna, Madanphala, Punarnava,
	Kashyapa		Compounds Author Ingredients Guduchi, Aragvadha, Daru, Palasa,
			Madhuka, Musta, Priyangu, Hapusa, Rasa gana, Pippali and Kutaja
			along with Madhu, Taila, Lavana, Gomootra, Mamsa rasa.
10	Leha yoga:	ka/khi/10/103	Madhura Dravyas along with Milk, Sugar, Madhu, Tila tail.
		-106	
11	Yusha(Vatika):	ka/khi/10/103	Yusha(Paitika) Khila Sthana Madhuyasthi, Hanspadi, Dhanayaka,
		-106	Madhu and Tandulodaka.

Local Treatment: Local treatment is aimed at Vedana shaman and Vruna ropana.

For Vedana shaman Avagaha sweda with vata and pitta shaman sukhoshna kwatha is beneficial. For avagaha sweda Triphala kashaya and Pancha Valkala kashaya are used.

Nadi Sweda is advised to relieved severe pain.

Luke warm water sitz bath so as to subside pain

Parisheka with cold water, milk and drug having Kashaya Rasa and Sheetal Guna

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For Vruna ropana the principles of Vruna Chikitsa has to be adopted. Ropana of Vruna is achieved by application of tailas like Jatyadi taila, Kaseesadi taila, Doorvadi taila etc. Bhrati, Bilva, Ananta moola.

Upadrava(Complication)

If Parikartika is not treated properly it may lead to formation of Bahya Vataja Arsha. Sushruta has considered Parikartika as purva rupa of Vataja Arsha. Further this condition i.e. Parikartika janya Vataja Arsha, if neglected it may result into Arsho Bhagandara.

Sadhyasadhyata(Prognosis)

The disease is characterized by formation of Vrana in guda nalika. Guda is a marma sthana and adequate rest to this part is not possible. These factors make this condition very difficult for the treatment. Hence it is categorized as Kruchra Sadhya vyadhi. However if the Vruna is restricted only to twak and the patient is having good agnibala and Malabaddhata is not severe then it becomes Sukha sadhya.

Pathya for Parikartika

- 1. Kshira bhojana
- 2. Madhura Rasa & Vata Anulomaka Ahara-Vihara should be taken
- 3. Old Rakta Shali and Shasti rice Yava and Kulutha daal also recommended

Apathya for Parikartika

- 1. Vegadharana, maithuna, riding, sitting in utkata-asana
- 2. Vyayama, Krodha, Guru Ahara Sevana
- 3. Ati tikshna, Ati-lavana, Ati-ruksha diet

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